



# SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT POLICY FOR INFRASTRUCTURE DELIVERY MANAGEMENT 2020-21

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MFMA Circular No 77: Model SCM Policy for Infrastructure Delivery Management provides guidance to municipalities and municipal entities on the establishment of a suitable supply chain management system for infrastructure delivery which is better able to deliver value for money, while minimizing the scope for corruption. This *SCM Policy for Infrastructure Delivery Management* is issued in terms of Section 168 of the Municipal Finance Management Act of 2003 in support of Regulation 3(2) of the MFMA Supply Chain Management Regulations as a Treasury guideline determining a standard for municipal supply chain management policies. It is linked to the *National Treasury Standard for Infrastructure Procurement and Delivery Management* which establishes:

- a) requirements for the following matters as applied to the supply chain management system for infrastructure delivery:
- institutional arrangements;
  - demand management;
  - acquisition management;
  - contract management;
  - logistics management;
  - disposal management;
  - reporting of supply chain management information;
  - regular assessment of supply chain management performance; and
  - risk management and internal control; and
- b) a control framework for the planning, design and implementation of infrastructure projects and infrastructure procurement.

This standard for municipal supply chain management policies relating to infrastructure procurement and delivery management, or any modified version of it, when adopted will assist municipalities and municipal entities to better plan and obtain the value for money when undertaking infrastructure projects.

Supply chain management may be defined as “*the design, planning, execution, control and monitoring of supply chain activities in the delivery of goods, services or any combination thereof*”. On the other hand infrastructure is defined as “*immovable assets which are acquired, constructed or which results from construction operations or moveable assets which cannot function independently*”.

*from purpose built immovable assets” while infrastructure delivery is defined as “the combination of all planning, technical, administrative and managerial actions associated with the construction, supply, renovation, rehabilitation, alteration, maintenance, operation or disposal of infrastructure.” Accordingly, infrastructure delivery management is the supply chain management system for infrastructure.*

This policy is aligned with the Supply Chain Management Regulations issued in terms of the Local Government: Municipal Finance Management Act of 2003.

This model policy document will be issued as a stand-alone policy.

The approach to procurement documentation is significantly different between general goods and services and infrastructure delivery. Documents for general goods and services, are based on the National Treasury General Conditions of Contract (GCC) which focuses on the rights and obligations of the parties in a generic manner and also deals with aspects of the bidding processes. This GCC requires that goods conform to the standards mentioned in the bidding documents and specifications and is used with standard bidding documents which include an invitation to bid, price schedules, local content, certificate of bid independence, declaration of bidders past SCM practices etc. Accordingly, the major variables between documents are the specifications or terms of reference and the evaluation criteria which ensures that bids are awarded on the basis of the lowest price for meeting a minimum standard. Contracts or service level agreements are frequently negotiated after the award of the bid.

In contrast, infrastructure procurement documents are based on a standard approach to the formatting and compilation of procurement documents used in conjunction with flexible standard conditions for the calling for an expression of interest and conditions of tender and a standard form of contract selected from a prescribed list. These standard forms of contract permit different allocations of risk to the parties to a contract and a wide range of pricing strategies to be pursued. This approach to procurement documentation enables procurement strategy and tactics to be exercised both in the awarding and in the performance of a contract in order to realise best value for money outcomes. Very seldom are material changes made in the draft contract which is issued to tenderers during the process of offer and acceptance as the offer is based on the selected allocation of risks and pricing strategies.

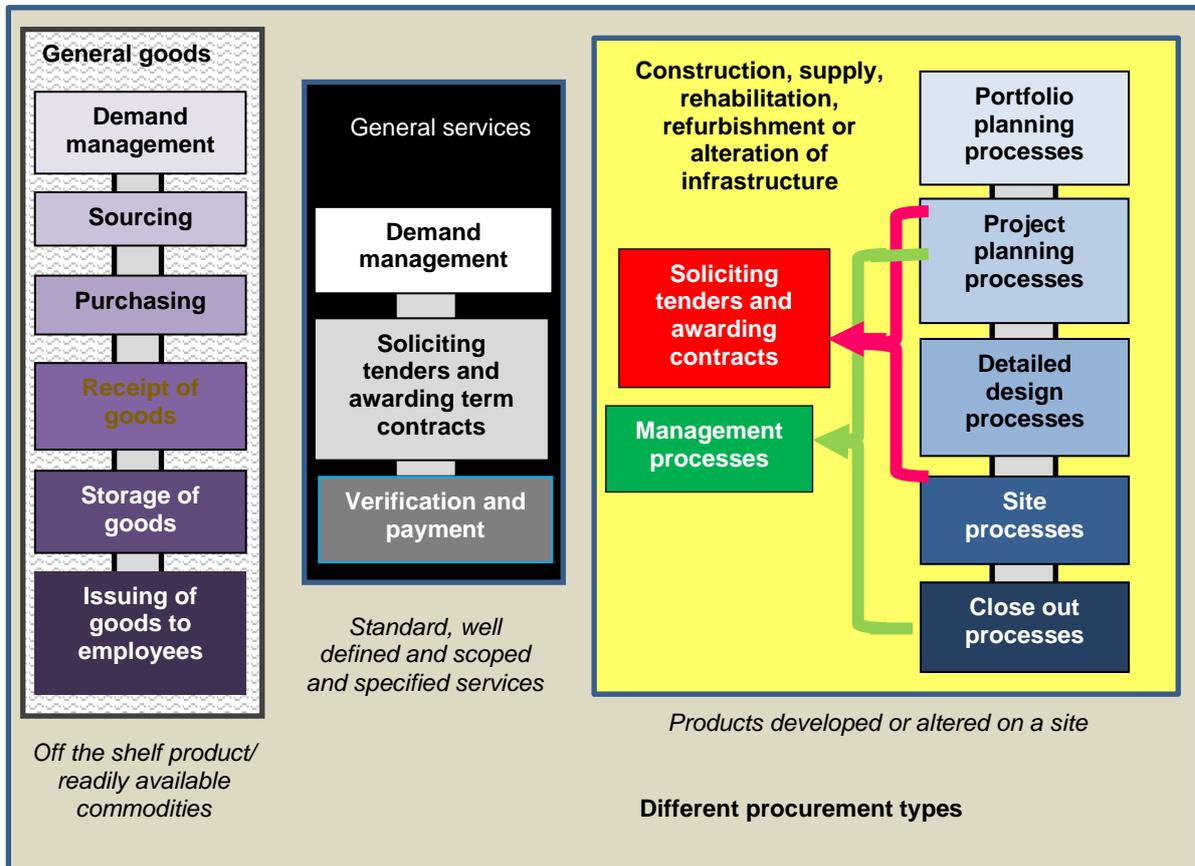
There are accordingly significant differences in the approach to bid specification and bid evaluation committees between the SCM system for general goods and services and that for infrastructure as a very different skills sets coupled with contextual knowledge is required. On the other hand, the bid adjudication committee is a governance committee which can deal with submissions emanating from both supply chains.

In order to distinguish between committees used in the two supply chain management systems, the terms procurement documentation, evaluation and tender committee are used in this document for the corresponding bid specification, bid evaluation and bid adjudication committees referred to in Treasury Regulations.

The Supply Chain Management Regulations issued in terms of the MFMA permit the Accounting Officer to make use of any Treasury guidelines determining standards for municipal supply chain management policies and to submit to the council or board of directors that guideline standard, or any modified version as a draft policy in terms of Regulations 2 and 3. The Regulations furthermore require the Accounting Officer to report any deviation from the guideline standard to the National Treasury and the relevant Provincial Treasury. Accordingly, all departures from this model policy and the *Standard for Infrastructure Procurement and Delivery Management* which is embedded within the policy must be reported to the relevant treasury.

## Preface

Public procurement that is unrelated to infrastructure delivery typically relates to goods and services that are standard, well-defined and readily scoped and specified. Once purchased, goods invariably need to be taken into storage prior to being issued to employees. Services most often involve routine, repetitive services with well understood interim and final deliverables which do not require strategic inputs or require decisions to be made regarding the fitness for purpose of the service outputs.



In contrast, procurement relating to the provision of new infrastructure or the rehabilitation, refurbishment or alteration of existing infrastructure covers a wide and diverse range of goods and services, which are required to provide or alter the condition of immovable assets on a site. Accordingly, the procurement process for the delivery of infrastructure involves the initial and subsequent recurring updating of planning processes at a portfolio level flowing out of an assessment of public sector service delivery requirements or business needs. Thereafter it involves planning at a project level and the procurement and management of a network of suppliers, including subcontractors, to produce a product on a site. There is no need to store and issue materials or equipment unless these are issued to employees responsible for the maintenance or operation of infrastructure, or are issued free of charge to contractors for incorporation into the works.

Procurement is *the process which creates, manages and fulfils contracts*. Procurement deals with activities surrounding contracts. Such processes focus on establishing what is to be procured, developing a procurement strategy, producing procurement documentation, soliciting and evaluating tender offers, awarding of contracts and administering contracts. On the other hand, supply chain management (SCM) is *the design, planning, execution, control and monitoring of supply chain activities in the delivery of goods, services or any combination thereof*. Supply chains comprise all those public and private entities that are involved in delivering the inputs, outputs and outcomes of projects. Accordingly, supply chain management is concerned with the oversight, co-ordination and monitoring of inputs, outputs and outcomes of projects from the various entities within a supply chain.

Infrastructure is defined as “*immovable assets which are acquired, constructed or which results from construction operations or moveable assets which cannot function independently from purpose built immovable assets*” while infrastructure delivery is defined as “*the combination of all planning, technical, administrative and managerial actions associated with the construction, supply, renovation, rehabilitation, alteration, maintenance, operation or disposal of infrastructure.*” Accordingly, infrastructure delivery management contextualizes the supply chain management system for infrastructure.

Understandably, there are several overlaps between the supply chain management system for general goods and services and that for infrastructure delivery management. However, the inclusion of control frameworks in the Standard for Infrastructure Procurement and Delivery Management is aimed at expenditure control and a reduction in the gap between what is planned and budget for and what is delivered to ensure that value for money is achieved.

The primary purpose of this document is to embed an infrastructure delivery management system for Lesedi Local Municipality which is aligned with the regulatory framework for public sector procurement, supply chain management and expenditure control. It also enables the National Treasury Standard for Infrastructure Procurement and Delivery Management to be implemented.

# Lesedi Local Municipality's SCM Policy for Infrastructure procurement and delivery management

## Contents

1	Scope	1
2	Terms, definitions and abbreviations	1
	2.1 Terms and definitions	1
	2.2 Abbreviations	2
3	General requirements	2
	3.1 Delegations	2
	3.2 Implementation of the Standard for Infrastructure Procurement and Delivery Management	3
	3.3 Supervision of the infrastructure delivery management unit	3
	3.4 Objections and complaints	3
	3.5 Resolution of disputes, objections, complaints and queries	4
4	Control framework for infrastructure delivery management	4
	4.1 Assignment of responsibilities for approving or accepting end of stage deliverables	4
	4.2 Additional gates	4
	4.3 Additional requirements	4
	4.4 Gateway reviews	5
	4.4.1 Gateway reviews for major capital projects above a threshold	5
	4.4.2 Elective gateway reviews	6
5	Control framework for infrastructure procurement	7
6	Infrastructure delivery management requirements	7
	6.1 Institutional arrangements	7
	6.1.1 Committee system for procurement	7
	6.1.2 Actions of an authorised person relating to the award of a contract or an order	13
	6.1.3 Conduct of those engaged in infrastructure delivery	14
	6.1.4 Measures to prevent abuse of the infrastructure delivery system	17
	6.1.5 Awards to persons in the service of the state	17
	6.1.6 Collusive tendering	18
	6.1.7 Placing of contractors under restrictions	18
	6.1.8 Complaints	19
	6.2 Acquisition management	19
	6.2.1 Unsolicited proposal	19
	6.2.2 Tax and rates compliance	20
	6.2.3 Declarations of interest	21
	6.2.4 Invitations to submit expressions of interest or tender offers	21
	6.2.5 Publication of submissions received and the award of contracts	21
	6.2.6 Disposal committee	22
	6.3 Reporting of infrastructure delivery management information	22
7	Infrastructure procurement	22
	7.1 Usage of procurement procedures	22
	7.2 Procurement documents	22
	7.3 Developmental procurement policy	23
	7.4 Payment of contractors	23
	7.5 Approval to utilise specific procurement procedures	23
	7.6 Receipt and safeguarding of submissions	23
	7.7 Opening of submissions	24
	7.8 Use of another organ of state's framework agreement	24
	7.9 Insurances	24
	7.9.1 Contractors shall be required to take out all insurances required in terms of the contract.	24
	7.10 Written reasons for actions taken	25
	7.11 Request for access to information	26

# 1 Scope

This policy establishes the Lesedi Local Municipality's policy for infrastructure procurement and delivery management in accordance with the provisions of the regulatory frameworks for procurement and supply chain management. It includes the procurement of goods and services necessary for a new facility to be occupied and used as a functional entity but excludes:

- a) the storage of goods and equipment following their delivery to Lesedi Local Municipality which are stored and issued to contractors or to employees;
- b) the disposal or letting of land;
- c) the conclusion of any form of land availability agreement;
- d) the leasing or rental of moveable assets; and
- e) public private partnerships.

## 2 Terms, definitions and abbreviations

### 2.1 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the definitions and terms given in the standard and the following apply:

**agent:** person or organization that is not an employee of Lesedi Local Municipality that acts on the Lesedi Local Municipality's behalf in the application of this document

**authorised person:** the municipal manager or chief executive or the appropriately delegated authority to award, cancel, amend, extend or transfer a contract or order

**conflict of interest:** any situation in which:

- a) someone in a position of trust has competing professional or personal interests which make it difficult for him to fulfil his duties impartially,
- b) an individual or organization is in a position to exploit a professional or official capacity in some way for his personal or for corporate benefit, or
- c) incompatibility or contradictory interests exist between an employee and the organization which employs that employee

**contract manager:** person responsible for administering a package on behalf of the employer and performing duties relating to the overall management of such contract from the implementer's point of view

**family member:** a person's spouse, whether in a marriage or in a customary union according to indigenous law, domestic partner in a civil union, or child, parent, brother, sister, whether such a relationship results from birth, marriage or adoption

**framework agreement:** an agreement between an organ of state and one or more contractors, the purpose of which is to establish the terms governing orders to be awarded during a given period, in particular with regard to price and, where appropriate, the quantity envisaged

**gate:** a control point at the end of a process where a decision is required before proceeding to the next process or activity

**gateway review:** an independent review of the available information at a gate upon which a decision to proceed or not to the next process is based

**gratification:** an inducement to perform an improper act

**infrastructure delivery:** the combination of all planning, technical, administrative and managerial actions associated with the construction, supply, renovation, rehabilitation, alteration, maintenance, operation or disposal of infrastructure

**infrastructure procurement:** the procurement of goods or services including any combination thereof associated with the acquisition, renovation, rehabilitation, alteration, maintenance, operation or disposal of infrastructure

**maintenance:** the combination of all technical and associated administrative actions during an item's service life to retain it in a state in which it can satisfactorily perform its required function

**operation:** combination of all technical, administrative and managerial actions, other than maintenance actions, that results in the item being in use

**order:** an instruction to provide goods, services or any combination thereof under a framework agreement

**organ of state:** an organ of state as defined in section 239 of the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa

**procurement document:** documentation used to initiate or conclude (or both) a contract or the issuing of an order

**principal:** a natural person who is a partner in a partnership, a sole proprietor, a director a company established in terms of the Companies Act of 2008 (Act No. 71 of 2008) or a member of a close corporation registered in terms of the Close Corporation Act, 1984, (Act No. 69 of 1984)

**standard:** the latest edition of the Standard for Infrastructure Procurement and Delivery Management as published by National Treasury

**working day:** any day of a week on which is not a Sunday, Saturday or public holiday

## 2.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of this document, the following abbreviations apply

CIDB: Construction Industry Development Board

SARS: South African Revenue Services

## 3 General requirements<sup>1</sup>

### 3.1 Delegations

**3.1.1** The Council Of the Lesedi Local Municipality hereby delegates all powers and duties to the Municipal Manager which are necessary to enable the Municipal Manager to:

- a) discharge the supply chain management responsibilities conferred on accounting officers in terms of Chapter 8 or 10 of the Local Government Municipal Finance Management Act of 2003 and this document;
- b) maximise administrative and operational efficiency in the implementation of this document;
- c) enforce reasonable cost-effective measures for the prevention of fraud, corruption, favouritism and unfair and irregular practices in the implementation of this document; and

- d) comply with his or her responsibilities in terms of section 115 and other applicable provisions of the Local Government Municipal Finance Management Act of 2003 Act.

**3.1.2** No departure shall be made from the provisions of this policy without the approval of the Municipal Manager Of the Lesedi Local Municipality

**3.1.3** The Municipal Manager shall for oversight purposes:

- a) within 20 days of the end of each financial year, submit a report on the implementation of this policy to the board of directors, who must then submit the report to the municipal manager of Lesedi Local Municipality for submission to the council;
- b) whenever there are serious and material problems in the implementation of this policy, immediately submit a report to the council, who must then submit the report to the municipal manager of Lesedi Local Municipality for submission to the council;
- c) within 10 days of the end of each quarter, submit a report on the implementation of the policy to the Mayor; and
- d) make the reports public in accordance with section 21A of the Municipal Systems Act of 2000.

### **3.2 Implementation of the Standard for Infrastructure Procurement and Delivery Management**

**3.2.1** Infrastructure procurement and delivery management shall be undertaken in accordance with the all applicable legislation and the relevant requirements of the latest edition of the National Treasury Standard for Infrastructure Procurement and Delivery Management.

**3.2.2** Pre-feasibility and feasibility reports are required on stage 3

**3.2.3** Stage 3 to 7 are required for: Stage 3 deals with the Development of strategic brief which defines project objectives, needs, acceptance criteria and client priorities and aspirations and which set out the basis for the development of the concept report for one or more packages. It is also the stage where it must be determine whether or not a feasibility study is required for the project, and if, a pre-feasibility report which determines whether or not it is worthwhile to proceed to the feasibility stage. Gate 3 deals with the accepted pre-feasibility report and allow for the proceeding to Stage 4. Stage 4 deals with the Development of a feasibility report which presents sufficient information to determine whether or not the project should be implemented. Gate 4 deals with the accepted feasibility report, which allows to proceed to Stage 5. Stage 5 deals with the Develop a design development report which develops in detail the approved concept to finalise the design and definition criteria, sets out the integrated developed design and contain the cost plan and schedule for one or more packages. Gate 5 deals with the acceptance of the Accepted design development report and to proceed to Stage 6. Stage 6A produce the production information which provides the dealing, performance definition, specification, sizing and positioning of all systems and components enabling either construction (where the constructor is able to build directly from the information prepared) or the production of manufacturing and installation information for construction. Gate 6A deals with the acceptance of the production information. After the acceptance of the production information report, it can now be proceeded to Stage 6B. Stage 6B is the stage to produce the manufacture, fabrication and construction information produces by or on behalf of the constructor, based on the production information provided for a package which enables manufacture, fabrication or construction to take place. It can now be proceeded to Gate 6B where the manufacture, fabrication and construction information are accepted. It can now proceed to Stage 7 where to complete the works so that it is capable of being occupied or used. It can now proceed to Gate 7 where the completion or delivery certificate is issued.

### **3.3 Supervision of the infrastructure delivery management unit**

The Infrastructure Delivery Management Unit shall be directly supervised by the Chief Financial Officer

### **3.4 Objections and complaints**

Persons aggrieved by decisions or actions taken in the implementation of this policy, may lodge within 14 days of the decision or action, a written objection or complaint against the decision or action.

### **3.5 Resolution of disputes, objections, complaints and queries<sup>2</sup>**

**3.5.1** The Municipal Manager shall appoint an independent and impartial person, not directly involved in the infrastructure delivery management processes to assist in the resolution of disputes between the Lesedi Local Municipality and other persons regarding:

- a) any decisions or actions taken in the implementation of the supply chain management system;
- b) any matter arising from a contract awarded within the Lesedi Local Municipality's infrastructure delivery management system; or
- c) to deal with objections, complaints or queries regarding any such decisions or actions or any matters arising from such contract.

**3.5.2** The Municipal Manager shall assist the person appointed in terms of 3.5.1 to perform his or her functions effectively.

**3.5.3** The person appointed in terms of 3.5.1 shall:

- a) strive to resolve promptly all disputes, objections, complaints or queries received; and
- b) submit monthly reports to the Municipal Manager on all disputes, objections, complaints or queries received, attended to or resolved.

**3.5.4** A dispute, objection, complaint or query may be referred to the Gauteng Provincial Treasury if:

- a) the dispute, objection, complaint or query is not resolved within 60 days; or
- b) no response is forthcoming within 60 days.

**3.5.5** If the Gauteng Provincial Treasury does not or cannot resolve the matter, the dispute, objection, complaint or query may be referred to the National Treasury for resolution.

## **4 Control framework for infrastructure delivery management**

### **4.1 Assignment of responsibilities for approving or accepting end of stage deliverables<sup>3</sup>**

The responsibilities for approving or accepting end of stage deliverables shall be as stated in Table 1.

### **4.2 Additional gates**

The following additional gates shall apply:

### **4.3 Additional requirements**

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<sup>2</sup> This clause aligns with SCM Regulation 50 issued in terms of the MFMA.

<sup>3</sup> The terms "approve" and "accept" have the meanings "officially agree to" and "receive as adequate, valid, or suitable give an affirmative answer to a proposal", respectively. Approvals will typically take place at a senior management level whilst acceptances can be made at a lower level. Approvals and acceptances can be granted by individuals or committees.

Where a municipality or municipal entity implements a project on behalf of an organ of state, acceptance / approval of end of stage deliverables may have to be granted in consultation with such an organisation. Alternatively it may be assigned to a party to an agency agreement developed in accordance with the provisions of clauses 5.2 of the standard. As a result, Table 1 may have to differentiate between own infrastructure and client institution's infrastructure. It may also have to differentiate between the value and type of projects.

The following additional requirements apply

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#### **4.4 Gateway reviews?**

##### **4.4.1 Gateway reviews for major capital projects above a threshold**

**4.4.1.1** The Accounting Officer shall appoint a gateway review team in accordance with the provisions of clause 4.1.13.1.2 of the standard to undertake gateway reviews for major capital projects.

**4.4.1.2** The requirements for a gateway review in addition to those contained in section 4.1.13 of the standard are as follows: A gateway review team shall comprise of not less than three persons who are not involve in the project associated with the works covered by the end of the stage 4 deliverable, and who are familiar with various aspects of the subject matter of the deliverable at the end of the stage under review. Such a team shall be led by a person who has at least six years post-graduate experience in the planning of infrastructure projects registered either as a professional engineer in terms of the Engineering Profession Act, a professional quantity surveyor in terms of the Quantity Surveying Act or professional architect in terms of the Architectural Profession Act. The members of the team shall, as relevant, have expertise in key technical areas, cost estimating, scheduling and implementation of similar projects.

The Gauteng Provincial Treasury shall be notified of a proposed gateway review for a major capital project, three weeks prior to the conducting of such a review. Such information shall be accompanied by a brief outline of the proposed project package, the names and qualifications of the reviewers and the timeframes for the review. Such notification shall be accompanied by a brief outline of the proposed project or package, the names and qualifications of the reviewers and the timeframes for the review. The Gauteng Provincial may nominate additional persons to serve on the review team

The gateway team review team shall base its findings primarily on:

- (a) The information contained in the end –of-stage deliverables;
- (b) Supplementary documentation, if any, provided by key staff obtained during the interview process; and
- (c) Interviews with key staff members and stakeholders

The gateway review team shall issue a report at the conclusion of gateway review team shall issue a report at the conclusion of a gateway review which indicates the team's assessment of the information at the end of a stage and provides findings or recommendations on areas where further work may be undertaken to improve such information.

Aspects in the report shall be flagged as being:

- (a) Code Red: Team considers the aspects to pose a significant risk to the project or package;
- (b) Code Amber: Team considers the aspects which indicate a minor risk to the project or package;  
or
- (c) Code Green: Team considers the aspect to have been given adequate consideration to the extent that it is unlikely to jeopardise the success of progressing to the next stage, or minor adjustments may be required before proceeding.

The contents of the gateway review report shall be taken into account when accepting the stage 4 deliverable. A stage 4 deliverable shall not be accepted until such time that all code red risks has been addressed in the stage 4 end-of-stage deliverable

#### 4.4.1.3 Gateway reviews initiated by the Gauteng Provincial Treasury

The Gauteng Provincial Treasury may at any time institute a gateway review of the end-of-stage deliverables associated with the control framework, irrespective of the estimated cost of the project. The focus of such a review shall be determined by the Gauteng Provincial Treasury. The Implementer of a project shall be notified of the review and its focus at least three weeks prior to the conducting of the review.

The implementer shall provide a person to lead the review and one other person to serve on the team, both of whom satisfy the requirements of Section 4.1.13.1.2 of the Standard for Infrastructure Procurement and Delivery Management.

The gateway review shall be conducted substantially in accordance with the provisions of 4.1.13.4 to 4.1.13.1.6 of the Standard for Infrastructure Procurement and Delivery Management.

#### 4.4.2 Elective gateway reviews

Gateway reviews shall be undertaken for any major capital project of R50 Million in terms of the Standard for Infrastructure Procurement and Delivery Management threshold.

**Table 1: Responsibilities for approving or accepting end of stage deliverables in the control framework for the management of infrastructure delivery**

Stage		Person assigned the responsibility for approving or accepting end of stage deliverables
No	Name	
0	Project initiation	[Designated person] accepts the initiation report
1	Infrastructure planning	[Designated person] approves the infrastructure plan
2	Strategic resourcing	[Designated person] approves the delivery and / or procurement strategy
3	Pre-feasibility	[Designated person] accepts the pre-feasibility report
	Preparation and briefing	[Designated person] accepts the strategic brief
4	Feasibility	[Designated person] accepts the feasibility report
	Concept and viability	[Designated person] accepts the concept report
5	Design development	[Designated person] accepts the design development report
6	Design documentation	6A Production information [Designated person] accepts the parts of the production information which are identified when the design development report is accepted as requiring acceptance
		6B Manufacture, fabrication and construction information The contract manager accepts the manufacture, fabrication and construction information
7	Works	The contract manager certifies completion of the works or the delivery of goods and associated services
8	Handover	The owner or end user accepts liability for the works
9	Package completion	The contract manager or supervising agent certifies the defects certificate in accordance with the provisions of the contract The contract manager certifies final completion in accordance with the provisions of the contract [Designated person] accepts the close out report

## **5 Control framework for infrastructure procurement<sup>4</sup>**

**5.1** The responsibilities for taking the key actions associated with the formation and conclusion of contracts including framework agreements above the quotation threshold shall be as stated in Table 2.

**5.2** The responsibilities for taking the key actions associated with the quotation procedure and the negotiation procedure where the value of the contract is less than the threshold set for the quotation procedure shall be as follows:<sup>5</sup>

- a) *[Accounting Officer]* shall grant approval for the issuing of the procurement documents, based on the contents of a documentation review report developed in accordance with the provisions of the standard;
- b) the authorised person may award the contract if satisfied with the recommendations contained in the evaluation report prepared in accordance with the provisions of the standard.

**5.3** The responsibilities for taking the key actions associated with the issuing of an order in terms of a framework agreement shall be as stated in Table 3.

## **6 Infrastructure delivery management requirements**

### **6.1 Institutional arrangements**

#### **6.1.1 Committee system for procurement<sup>6</sup>**

##### **6.1.1.1 General**

**6.1.1.1.1** A committee system comprising the documentation committee, evaluation committee and tender committee shall be applied to all procurement procedures where the estimated value of the procurement exceeds the financial threshold for quotations and to the putting in place of framework agreements.

**6.1.1.1.2** The evaluation committee shall, where competition for the issuing of an order amongst framework contractors takes place and the value of the order exceeds the financial threshold for quotations, evaluate the quotations received.

**6.1.1.1.3** The persons appoint in writing as technical advisors and subject matter experts may attend any committee meeting.

**6.1.1.1.4** No person who is a political officer bearer, a public office bearer including any councilor of a municipality, a political advisor or a person appointed in terms of section 12A of the Public Service Act of 1994 or who has a conflict of interest shall be appointed to a procurement documentation, evaluation or tender committee.

**6.1.1.1.5** Committee decisions shall as far as possible be based on the consensus principle i.e. the general agreement characterized by the lack of sustained opposition to substantial issues. Committees shall record their decisions in writing. Such decisions shall be kept in a secured environment for a period

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<sup>4</sup> This clause is required to ensure compliance with the requirements of the standard.

<sup>5</sup> SCM Regulation 26 of the MFMA requires that a committee system be established for procurement above the threshold for quotations. It is not, however, a requirement for such a committee to deal with quotations.

<sup>6</sup> SCM Regulation 26 of the MFMA requires that a committee system be established for procurement above the threshold for quotations. A municipality of a municipal entity may require that the tender committee (bid adjudication committee) also deal with quotations

The principle of segregation (an internal control designed to prevent error and fraud by ensuring that at least two individuals are responsible for the separate parts of any task) is dealt with the committee system in the standard as follows:

- procurement gate 3: a technical evaluation of procurement documents and an approval of such documentation;
- procurement gate 5: a technical evaluation of submissions and an authorization to proceed with the next phase of a procurement process; and
- procurement gate 6: a tender evaluation and a recommendation to award a contract.

of not less than five years after the completion or cancellation of the contract unless otherwise determined in terms of the National Archives and Record Services Act of 1996.

**6.1.1.1.6** Committees may make decisions at meetings or, subject to the committee chairperson's approval, on the basis of responses to documents circulated to committee members provided that not less than sixty percent of the members are present or respond to the request for responses. Where the committee chairperson is absent from the meeting, the members of the committee who are present shall elect a chairperson from one of them to preside at the meeting.

**6.1.1.2 Procurement documentation committee**

**6.1.1.2.1** The Accounting Officer shall appoint in writing on a procurement by procurement basis:

- a) the persons to review the procurement documents and to develop a procurement documentation review report in accordance with clause 4.2.2.1 of the standard; and
- b) the members of the procurement documentation committee.

**6.1.1.2.2** The procurement documentation committee shall comprise one or more persons. The chairperson shall be an employee of Lesedi Local Municipality with requisite skills. Other members shall, where relevant, include a representative of the end user or the department requiring infrastructure delivery.

**6.1.1.2.3** No member of, or technical adviser or subject matter expert who participates in the work of the any of the procurement committees or a family member or associate of such a member, may tender for any work associated with the tender which is considered by these committees.

**Table 2: Procurement activities and gates associated with the formation and conclusion of contracts above the quotation threshold**

Activity		Sub-Activity (see Table 3 of the standard)		Key action	Person assigned responsibility to perform key action
1*	Establish what is to be procured	1.3 <b>PG1</b>	Obtain permission to start with the procurement process	Make a decision to proceed / not to proceed with the procurement based on the broad scope of work and the financial estimates.	<i>[designated person e.g. project director or programme manager]</i>
2*	Decide on procurement strategy	2.5 <b>PG2</b>	Obtain approval for procurement strategies that are to be adopted including specific approvals to approach a confined market or the use of the negotiation procedure	Confirm selection of strategies so that tender offers can be solicited	<i>[designated person e.g. project director]</i>
3	Solicit tender offers	3.2 <b>PG3</b>	Obtain approval for procurement documents	Grant approval for the issuing of the procurement documents	Procurement documentation committee
		3.3 <b>PG4</b>	Confirm that budgets are in place	Confirm that finance is available for the procurement to take place	<i>[designated person e.g. programme or financial manager]</i>
4	Evaluate tender offers	4.2 <b>PG5</b>	Obtain authorisation to proceed with next phase of tender process in the qualified, proposal or competitive negotiations procedure	Review evaluation report, ratify recommendations and authorise progression to the next stage of the tender process	<i>[designated person]</i>
		4.7 <b>PG6</b>	Confirm recommendations contained in the tender evaluation report	Review recommendations of the evaluation committee and refer back to evaluation committee for reconsideration or make recommendation for award	Tender committee <i>[or bid adjudication committee]</i>
5	Award contract	5.3 <b>PG7</b>	Award contract	Formally accept the tender offer in writing and issue the contractor with a signed copy of the contract	<i>[authorised person]</i> <sup>7</sup>
		5.5 <b>GF1</b>	Upload data in financial management and payment system	Verify data and upload contractor's particulars and data associated with the contract or order	<i>[designated person]</i>

\* Applies only to goods and services not addressed in a procurement strategy developed during stage 2 (strategic resourcing) of the control framework for infrastructure delivery management

<sup>7</sup> The award of a contract can be linked to contract value. For example, high value contracts may be awarded by the municipal manager or chief executive and lower amounts by different appropriately delegated authorities.

**Table 2 (concluded)**

Activity		Sub-Activity		Key action	Person assigned responsibility to perform key action
6	Administer contracts and confirm compliance with requirements	6.4 <b>PG8A</b>	Obtain approval to waive penalties or low performance damages.	Approve waiver of penalties or low performance damages	<i>[designated person]</i>
		6.5 <b>PG8B</b>	Obtain approval to notify and refer a dispute to an adjudicator	Grant permission for the referral of a dispute to an adjudicator or for final settlement to an arbitrator or court of law	<i>[designated person]</i>
		6.6 <b>PG8C</b>	Obtain approval to increase the total of prices, excluding contingencies and price adjustment for inflation, or the time for completion at the award of a contract or the issuing of an order up to a specified percentage <sup>8</sup>	Approve amount of time and cost overruns up to the threshold	<i>[designated person or designated persons]</i>
		6.7 <b>PG8D</b>	Obtain approval to exceed the total of prices, excluding contingencies and price adjustment for inflation, or the time for completion at award of a contract or the issuing of an order by more than 20% and 30%, respectively	Approve amount of time and cost overruns above a the threshold	<i>[municipal manager or chief executive or, depending upon the value, a appropriately delegated authority ]</i>
		6.8 <b>PG8E</b>	Obtain approval to cancel or terminate a contract	Approve amount	<i>[authorised person]</i>
		6.9 <b>PG8F</b>	Obtain approval to amend a contract	Approve proposed amendment to contract	<i>[authorised person]</i>

<sup>8</sup> Stepped thresholds leading up to the 20% and 30% values given in PG8D may be necessary to manage cost and time overruns, respectively, the principle being that approval to exceed these percentages needs to be granted at a more senior level with each increase. For example, the increases for cost overruns could be as follows:

- ≤ 2,5 % - contract manager;
- 2,5 to 10% - project director
- > 10% - appropriately delegated authority

**Table 3: Procurement activities and gates associated with the issuing of an order above the quotation threshold in terms of a framework agreement**

Activity		Key action	Person assigned responsibility to perform key action
1 <b>FG1</b>	Confirm justifiable reasons for selecting a framework contractor where there is more than one framework agreement covering the same scope of work	Confirm reasons submitted for not requiring competition amongst framework contractors or instruct that quotations be invited	<i>[designated person]</i>
3 <b>FG2</b>	Obtain approval for procurement documents	Grant approval for the issuing of the procurement documents	<i>[designated person]</i>
4 <b>FG3</b>	Confirm that budgets are in place	Confirm that finance is available so that the order may be issued	<i>[designated person e.g. programme manager or financial director]</i>
6 <b>FG4</b>	Authorise the issuing of the order	If applicable, review evaluation report and confirm or reject recommendations. Formally accept the offer in writing and issue the contractor with a signed copy of the order	<i>[authorised person]</i>

### **6.1.1.3 Evaluation committee**

**6.1.1.3.1** The Accounting Officer or the appropriately delegated authority e.g. project director shall appoint on a procurement by procurement basis in writing:

- a) the persons to prepare the evaluation and, where applicable, the quality evaluations, in accordance with clauses 4.2.3.2 and 4.2.3.4 of the standard, respectively; and
- b) the members of the evaluation committee.

**6.1.1.3.2** The evaluation committee shall comprise not less than three people. The chairperson shall be an employee of Lesedi Local Municipality with requisite skills. Other members shall include a supply chain management practitioner<sup>9</sup> and, where relevant, include an official from the department requiring infrastructure delivery.

**6.1.1.3.3** The evaluation committee shall review the evaluation reports prepared in accordance with sub clause 4.2.3 of the standard and as a minimum verify the following in respect of the recommended tenderer:

- a) the capability and capacity of a tenderer to perform the contract;
- b) the tenderer's tax and municipal rates and taxes compliance status;
- c) confirm that the tenderer's municipal rates and taxes and municipal service charges are not in arrears;
- d) the Compulsory Declaration has been completed; and
- e) the tenderer is not listed in the National Treasury's Register for Tender Defaulters or the List of Restricted Suppliers.

**6.1.1.3.4** No tender submitted by a member of, or technical adviser or subject matter expert who participates in the work of the procurement documentation committee or a family member or associate of such a member, may be considered by the evaluation committee.

**6.1.1.3.5** The chairperson of the evaluation committee shall promptly notify the *Chief Financial Officer or Bid Tender Committee* of any respondent or tenderer who is disqualified for having engaged in fraudulent or corrupt practices during the tender process.

### **6.1.1.4 Tender Committee**

**6.1.1.4.1** The tender committee shall comprise the following persons or their mandated delegate:<sup>10</sup>

- a) *Chief Financial Officer* who shall be the chairperson:
- b) Executive Manager Infrastructure Services
- c) Executive Manager Corporate Service
- d) Executive Manager Local Development and Planning
- e) Executive manager Community Services
- f) SCM Manager

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<sup>9</sup> A supply chain management practitioner in the context of infrastructure delivery includes a built environment professional

<sup>10</sup> The chairperson needs to be an employee of the municipality or the municipal entity with requisite skills. Other members should be employees of the municipality or the municipal entity and include at least four senior managers including the chief financial officer, a supply chain management practitioner and a technical expert in the relevant field, if such municipality or municipal entity has such an expert.

**6.1.1.4.2** No member of the evaluation committee may serve on the tender committee. A member of an evaluation committee may, however, participate in the deliberations of a tender committee as a technical advisor or a subject matter expert.

**6.1.1.4.3** The tender committee shall:

- a) consider the report and recommendations of the evaluation committee and:
  - 1) verify that the procurement process which was followed complies with the provisions of this document;
  - 2) confirm that the report is complete and addresses all considerations necessary to make a recommendation;
  - 3) confirm the validity and reasonableness of reasons provided for the elimination of tenderers; and
  - 4) consider commercial risks and identify any risks that have been overlooked or fall outside of the scope of the report which warrant investigation prior to taking a final decision; and
- b) refer the report back to the evaluation committee for their reconsideration or make a recommendation to the authorised person on the award of a tender, with or without conditions, together with reasons for such recommendation.

**6.1.1.4.4** The tender committee shall consider proposals regarding the cancellation, amendment, extension or transfer of contracts that have been awarded and make a recommendation to the authorised person on the course of action which should be taken.

**6.1.1.4.5** The tender committee shall consider the merits of an unsolicited offer and make a recommendation to the [Accounting Officer].

**6.1.1.4.6** The tender committee shall report to the [Accounting Officer] any recommendation made to award a contract to a tenderer other than the tenderer recommended by the evaluation committee, giving reasons for making such a recommendation.

**6.1.1.4.7** The tender committee shall not make a recommendation for an award of a contract or order if the recommended tenderer or framework contractor has:

- a) made a misrepresentation or submitted false documents in competing for the contract or order; or
- b) been convicted of a corrupt or fraudulent act in competing for any contract during the past five years.

**6.1.1.4.8** The tender committee may on justifiable grounds and after following due process, disregard the submission of any tenderer if that tenderer or any of its directors, members or trustees or partners has abused the delivery management system or has committed fraud, corruption or any other improper conduct in relation to such system. The National Treasury and the [Gauteng Provincial Treasury] shall be informed where such tenderers are disregarded.

## **6.1.2 Actions of an authorised person relating to the award of a contract or an order**

### **6.1.2.1 Award of a contract**

**6.1.2.1** The authorised person shall, if the value of the contract inclusive of VAT, is within his or her delegation, consider the report(s) and recommendations of the tender committee, or in the case of the awards for contracts below the quotation threshold, the recommendation of the [designated person], and either:

- a) award the contract after confirming that the report is complete and addresses all considerations necessary to make a recommendation and budgetary provisions are in place; or

- b) decide not to proceed or to start afresh with the process.

**6.1.2.2** The authorised person shall immediately notify the *[Accounting Officer]* if a tender other than the recommended tender is awarded, save where the recommendation is changed to rectify an irregularity. Such person shall, within 10 working days, notify in writing the Auditor-General, the National Treasury and *[Gauteng Provincial Treasury]*, and, in the case of a municipal entity, also the parent municipality, of the reasons for deviating from such recommendation.

### **6.1.2.3 Issuing of an order**

The authorised person shall, if the value of an order issued in terms of a framework contract, is within his or her delegation, consider the recommendation of the evaluation committee or the *[Chief Financial Officer]*, as relevant, and either:

- a) authorise the issuing of an order in accordance with the provisions of clause 4.25 of the standard;  
or
- b) decide not to proceed or to start afresh with the process.

## **6.1.3 Conduct of those engaged in infrastructure delivery<sup>11</sup>**

### **6.1.3.1 General requirements**

**6.1.3.1.1** All personnel and agents of *[Lesedi Local Municipality]* shall comply with the requirements of the CIDB Code of Conduct for all Parties engaged in Construction Procurement. They shall:

- a) behave equitably, honestly and transparently;
- b) discharge duties and obligations timeously and with integrity;
- c) comply with all applicable legislation and associated regulations;
- d) satisfy all relevant requirements established in procurement documents;
- e) avoid conflicts of interest; and
- f) not maliciously or recklessly injure or attempt to injure the reputation of another party.

**6.1.3.1.2** All personnel and agents engaged in Lesedi Local Municipality's infrastructure delivery management system shall:

- a) not perform any duties to unlawfully gain any form of compensation, payment or gratification from any person for themselves or a family member or an associate;
- b) perform their duties efficiently, effectively and with integrity and may not use their position for private gain or to improperly benefit another person;
- c) strive to be familiar with and abide by all statutory and other instructions applicable to their duties;
- d) furnish information in the course of their duties that is complete, true and fair and not intended to mislead;
- e) ensure that resources are administered responsibly;
- f) be fair and impartial in the performance of their functions;

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<sup>11</sup> Sub clause 5.1 d) of the standard requires that the municipality's or municipal entity's policy establish ethical standards for those involved in the procurement and delivery of infrastructure. This clause is aligned with the provisions of SCM Regulation 46 (Ethical standards) issued in terms of the MFMA and National Treasury's Code of Conduct for Supply Chain Management Practitioners

- g) at no time afford any undue preferential treatment to any group or individual or unfairly discriminate against any group or individual;
- h) not abuse the power vested in them;
- i) not place themselves under any financial or other obligation to external individuals or firms that might seek to influence them in the performance of their duties;
- j) assist *[Lesedi Local Municipality]* in combating corruption and fraud within the infrastructure procurement and delivery management system;
- k) not disclose information obtained in connection with a project except when necessary to carry out assigned duties;
- l) not make false or misleading entries in reports or accounting systems; and
- m) keep matters of a confidential nature in their possession confidential unless legislation, the performance of duty or the provision of the law require otherwise.

**6.1.3.1.2** An employee or agent may not amend or tamper with any submission, tender or contract in any manner whatsoever.

#### **6.1.3.2 Conflicts of interest**

**6.1.3.2.1** The employees and agents of *[Lesedi Local Municipality]* who are connected in any way to procurement and delivery management activities which are subject to this policy, shall:

- a) disclose in writing to the employee of the *Lesedi Local Municipality* to whom they report, or to the person responsible for managing their contract, if they have, or a family member or associate has, any conflicts of interest; and
- b) not participate in any activities that might lead to the disclosure of *[Lesedi Local Municipality]* proprietary information.

**6.1.3.2.2** The employees and agents of *[Lesedi Local Municipality]* shall declare and address any perceived or known conflict of interest, indicating the nature of such conflict to whoever is responsible for overseeing the procurement process at the start of any deliberations relating to a procurement process or as soon as they become aware of such conflict, and abstain from any decisions where such conflict exists or recuse themselves from the procurement process, as appropriate.

**6.1.3.2.3** Agents who prepare a part of a procurement document may in exceptional circumstances, where it is in *[Lesedi Local Municipality's]* interest to do so, submit a tender for work associated with such documents provided that:

- a) *[Lesedi Local Municipality]* states in the tender data that such an agent is a potential tenderer;
- b) all the information which was made available to, and the advice provided by that agent which is relevant to the tender, is equally made available to all potential tenderers upon request, if not already included in the scope of work; and
- c) the procurement documentation committee is satisfied that the procurement document is objective and unbiased having regard to the role and recommendations of that agent.

#### **6.1.3.3 Evaluation of submissions received from respondents and tenderers**

**6.1.3.3.1** The confidentiality of the outcome of the processes associated with the calling for expressions of interest, quotations or tenders shall be preserved. Those engaged in the evaluation process shall:

- a) not have any conflict between their duties as an employee or an agent and their private interest;

- b) may not be influenced by a gift or consideration (including acceptance of hospitality) to show favour or disfavour to any person;
- c) deal with respondents and tenderers in an equitable and even-handed manner at all times; and
- d) not use any confidential information obtained for personal gain and may not discuss with, or disclose to outsiders, prices which have been quoted or charged to *[Lesedi Local Municipality]*.

**6.1.3.3.2** The evaluation process shall be free of conflicts of interest and any perception of bias. Any connections between the employees and agents of *[Lesedi Local Municipality]* and a tenderer or respondent shall be disclosed and recorded in the tender evaluation report.

**6.1.3.3.3** *[Lesedi Local Municipality]* personnel and their agents shall immediately withdraw from participating in any manner whatsoever in a procurement process in which they, or any close family member, partner or associate, has any private or business interest.

**6.1.3.4 Non-disclosure agreements**

Confidentiality agreements in the form of non-disclosure agreements shall, where appropriate, be entered into with agents and potential contractors to protect *[Lesedi Local Municipality's]* confidential information and interests.

**6.1.3.5 Gratifications, hospitality and gifts**

**6.1.3.5.1** The employees and agents of *[Lesedi Local Municipality]* shall not, directly or indirectly, accept or agree or offer to accept any gratification from any other person including a commission, whether for the benefit of themselves or for the benefit of another person, as an inducement to improperly influence in any way a procurement process, procedure or decision.

**6.1.3.5.2** The employees and agents of *[Lesedi Local Municipality]* as well as their family members of associates shall not receive any of the following from any tenderer, respondent or contractor or any potential contractor:

- a) money, loans, equity, personal favours, benefits or services;
- b) overseas trips; or
- c) any gifts or hospitality irrespective of value from tenderers or respondents prior to the conclusion of the processes associated with a call for an expression of interest or a tender.

**6.1.3.5.3** The employees and agents of *[Lesedi Local Municipality]* shall not purchase any items at artificially low prices from any tenderer, respondent or contractor or any potential contractor at artificially low prices which are not available to the public.

**6.1.3.5.4** All employees and agents of *[Lesedi Local Municipality]* may for the purpose of fostering inter-personal business relations accept the following:

- a) meals and entertainment, but excluding the cost of transport and accommodation;
- b) promotional material of small intrinsic value such as pens, paper-knives, diaries, calendars, etc;
- c) incidental business hospitality such as business lunches or dinners, which the employee is prepared to reciprocate;
- d) complimentary tickets to sports meetings and other public events, but excluding the cost of transport and accommodation, provided that such tickets are not of a recurrent nature; and
- e) gifts in kind other than those listed in a) to d) which have an intrinsic value greater than R350 unless they have declared them to the *[Accounting Officer]*.

**6.1.3.5.5** Under no circumstances shall gifts be accepted from prospective contractors during the evaluation of calls for expressions of interest, quotations or tenders that could be perceived as undue and improper influence of such processes.

**6.1.3.5.6** Employees and agents of *[Lesedi Local Municipality]* shall without delay report to the *[Accounting Officer or appropriately delegated authority]* any incidences of a respondent, tenderer or contractor who directly or indirectly offers a gratification to them or any other person to improperly influence in any way a procurement process, procedure or decision.

#### **6.1.3.6 Reporting of breaches**

Employees and agents of *[Lesedi Local Municipality]* shall promptly report to the *[Accounting Officer or appropriately delegated authority]* any alleged improper conduct which they may become aware of, including any alleged fraud or corruption.

#### **6.1.4 Measures to prevent abuse of the infrastructure delivery system<sup>12</sup>**

The *[Accounting Officer or appropriately delegated authority]* shall investigate all allegations of corruption, improper conduct or failure to comply with the requirements of this policy against an employee or an agent, a contractor or other role player and, where justified:

- a) take steps against an employee or role player and inform the National Treasury and *[Gauteng Provincial Treasury]* of those steps;
- b) report to the South African Police Service any conduct that may constitute a criminal offence;
- c) lodge complaints with the Construction Industry Development Board or any other relevant statutory council where a breach of such council's code of conduct or rules of conduct are considered to have been breached;
- d) cancel a contract if:
  - 1) it comes to light that the contractor has made a misrepresentation, submitted falsified documents or has been convicted of a corrupt or fraudulent act in competing for a particular contract or during the execution of that contract; or
  - 2) an employee or other role player committed any corrupt or fraudulent act during the tender process or during the execution of that contract.

#### **6.1.5 Awards to persons in the service of the state<sup>13</sup>**

**6.1.5.1** Any submissions made by a respondent or tenderer who declares in the Compulsory Declaration that a principal is one of the following shall be rejected:

- a) a member of any municipal council, any provincial legislature, or the National Assembly or the National Council of Provinces;
- b) a member of the board of directors of any municipal entity;
- c) an official of any municipality or municipal entity;
- d) an employee of any national or provincial department, national or provincial public entity or constitutional institution within the meaning of the Public Finance Management Act, 1999 (Act No. 1 of 1999);
- e) a member of the accounting authority of any national or provincial public entity; or

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<sup>12</sup> The requirement to prevent abuse of the supply chain management system is aligned with the provisions of SCM Regulation 38 issued in terms of the MFMA.

<sup>13</sup> The clause aligns with SCM Regulation 44 issued in terms of the MFMA.

f) an employee of Parliament or a provincial legislature.

**6.1.5.2** The notes to the annual financial statements of the *[Lesedi Local Municipality]* shall disclose particulars of an award of more than R 2000 to a person who is a family member of a person identified in 6.1.5.1 or who has been in the previous 12 months. Such notes shall include the name of the person, the capacity in which such person served and the amount of the award.

#### **6.1.6 Collusive tendering<sup>14</sup>**

Any submissions made by a respondent or tenderer who fails to declare in the Compulsory Declaration that the tendering entity:

- a) is not associated, linked or involved with any other tendering entity submitting tender offers; or
- b) has not engaged in any prohibited restrictive horizontal practices including consultation, communication, agreement, or arrangement with any competing or potential tendering entity regarding prices, geographical areas in which goods and services will be rendered, approaches to determining prices or pricing parameters, intentions to submit a tender or not, the content of the submission (specification, timing, conditions of contract etc.) or intention to not win a tender

shall be rejected.

#### **6.1.7 Placing of contractors under restrictions<sup>15</sup>**

**6.1.7.1** If any tenderer which has submitted a tender offer or a contractor which has concluded a contract has, as relevant:

- a) withdrawn such tender or quotation after the advertised closing date and time for the receipt of submissions;
- b) after having been notified of the acceptance of his tender, failed or refused to commence the contract;
- c) had their contract terminated for reasons within their control without reasonable cause;
- d) offered, promised or given a bribe in relation to the obtaining or the execution of such contract;
- e) acted in a fraudulent, collusive or anti-competitive or improper manner or in bad faith towards *[Lesedi Local Municipality]*; or
- f) made any incorrect statement in any affidavit or declaration with regard to a preference claimed and is unable to prove to the satisfaction of *[Lesedi Local Municipality]* that the statement was made in good faith or reasonable steps were taken to confirm the correctness of the statements,

a *[The Chief Financial Officer]* shall prepare a report on the matter and make a recommendation to the *[Accounting Officer]* for placing the contractor or any of its principals under restrictions from doing business with the *[Lesedi Local Municipality]*.

**6.1.7.2** The *[Accounting Officer]* may, as appropriate, upon the receipt of a recommendation made in terms of 6.1.7.1 and after notifying the contractor of such intention in writing and giving written reasons for such action, suspend a contractor or any principal of that contractor from submitting a tender offer to *[name of municipality or municipal entity]* for a period of time.

**6.1.7.3** The *[SCM Department]* shall:

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<sup>14</sup> The standard requires the inclusion of the Compulsory Declaration in all procurement documents. This sub-clause aligns with SCM Regulation 44 issued in terms of the MFMA and SANS 10845-3 which is incorporated by reference in the standard.

<sup>15</sup> This sub-clause is aligned with the requirements of SCM Regulation 38 issued in terms of the MFMA.

- a) record the names of those placed under restrictions in an internal register which shall be accessible to employees and agents of *[Lesedi Local Municipality]* who are engaged in procurement processes; and
- b) notify the National Treasury and *[Gauteng Provincial Treasury]* and , if relevant, the Construction Industry Development Board, of such decision and provide them with the details associated therewith.

### **6.1.8 Complaints**

**6.1.8.1** All complaints regarding the *[Lesedi Local municipality]*'s infrastructure delivery management system shall be addressed to the *[Executive Manager Infrastructure]*. Such complaints shall be in writing.

**6.1.8.2** The *[Executive Manager Infrastructure Services]* shall investigate all complaints regarding the infrastructure procurement and delivery management system and report on actions taken to the Accounting Officer who will decide on what action to take.

## **6.2 Acquisition management**

### **6.2.1 Unsolicited proposal<sup>16</sup>**

**6.2.1.1** The is not obliged to consider unsolicited offers received outside a normal procurement process but may consider such an offer only if:

- a) the goods, services or any combination thereof that is offered is a demonstrably or proven unique innovative concept;
- b) proof of ownership of design, manufacturing, intellectual property, copyright or any other proprietary right of ownership or entitlement is vested in the person who made the offer;
- c) the offer presents a value proposition which demonstrates a clear, measurable and foreseeable benefit for *[Lesedi Local Municipality]*;
- d) the offer is in writing and clearly sets out the proposed cost;
- e) the person who made the offer is the sole provider of the goods or service; and
- f) the *[Accounting Officer]* finds the reasons for not going through a normal tender processes to be sound.

**6.2.1.2** The *(Accounting Officer)]* may only accept an unsolicited offer and enter into a contract after considering the recommendations of the tender committee if:

- a) the intention to consider an unsolicited proposal has been made known in accordance with Section 21A of the Municipal Systems Act of 2000 together with the reasons why such a proposal should not be open to other competitors, an explanation of the potential benefits for the *[Lesedi Local Municipality]* and an invitation to the public or other potential suppliers and providers to submit their comments within 30 days after the notice;
- b) the *[Lesedi Local Municipality]* has obtained comments and recommendations on the offer from the National Treasury and *[Gauteng Provincial Treasury]*
- c) the tender committee meeting which makes recommendations to accept an unsolicited proposal was open to the public and took into account any public comments that were received and any comments and recommendations received from the National Treasury and *[name of applicable provincial treasury]*; and
- d) the provisions of 6.2.1.3 are complied with.

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<sup>16</sup> The clause aligns with SCM Regulation 37 issued in terms of the MFMA.

**6.2.1.3** The *[Accounting Officer]* shall, within 7 working days after the decision to award the unsolicited offer is taken, submit the reasons for rejecting or not following the recommendations to the National Treasury, the *[Gauteng Provincial Treasury]* and Auditor General. A contract shall in such circumstances not be entered into or signed within 30 days of such submission.

## **6.2.2 Tax and rates compliance<sup>17</sup>**

### **6.2.2.1 SARS tax clearance**

**6.2.2.1.1** No contract may be awarded or an order issued where the value of such transaction exceeds R 15 000, unless a tenderer or contractor is in possession of an original valid Tax Clearance Certificate issued by SARS provided that the tenderer is not domiciled in the Republic of South Africa and the SARS has confirmed that such a tenderer is not required to prove their tax compliance status.

**6.2.2.1.2** In the case of a partnership, each partner shall comply with the requirements of 6.2.2.1.1.

**6.2.2.1.3** No payment shall be made to a contractor who does not satisfy the requirements of 6.2.2.1.2. An employee of *[Lesedi Local Municipality]* shall upon detecting that a tenderer or contractor is not tax compliant, immediately notify such person of such status.

**6.2.2.1.4** Notwithstanding the requirements of 6.2.2.1.1 and 6.2.2.1.3 the following shall apply, unless a person who is not tax compliant indicates to *[Chief Financial Officer]* that it intends challenging its tax compliance status with SARS,

- a) a contract may be awarded to a non-compliant tenderer if such a tenderer is able to remedy its tax compliance status within a period not exceeding 10 working days after being duly notified of its non-compliant status;
- b) an order may be awarded to a non-compliant contractor if such a contractor is able to remedy its tax compliance status within a period not exceeding 10 working days after being duly notified of its non-compliant status;
- c) a non-compliant contractor shall be issued with a first warning that payments in future amounts due in terms of the contract may be withheld, before the authorising of any payment due to such contractor;
- d) before authorising a further payment due to a non-compliant contractor who has failed to remedy its tax compliance status after receiving a first warning, a second and final warning shall be issued to such contractor;
- e) no payments may be released for any amounts due in terms of the contract due to a non-compliant contractor if, after a period of 30 calendar days have lapsed since the second warning was issued, the non-compliant contractor has failed to remedy its tax compliance status.

**6.2.2.1.5** The *[Lesedi Local Municipality]* may cancel a contract with a non-compliant contractor if such a contractor fails to remedy its tax compliance status after a period of 30 calendar days have lapsed since the second warning was issued in terms of 6.2.2.1.4e).

### **6.2.2.2 Municipal rates and taxes**

No contract may be awarded to a tenderer who, of the principals of that tenderer, owes municipal rates and taxes or municipal service charges to any municipality or a municipal entity and are in arrears for more than 3 months.

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<sup>17</sup> This sub-clause aligns with the provisions of SCM Regulation 43 issued in terms of the MFMA. .

### 6.2.3 Declarations of interest

Tenders and respondents making submissions in response to an invitation to submit a tender or a call for an expression of interest, respectively shall declare in the Compulsory Declaration whether or not any of the principals:

- a) are an employee of the *[Lesedi Local Municipality]* or in the employ of the state; or
- b) have a family member or a business relation with a person who is in the employ of the state.

### 6.2.4 Invitations to submit expressions of interest or tender offers

**6.2.4.1** All invitations to submit tenders where the estimated value of the contract exceeds R200 000 including VAT, except where a confined tender process is followed, and expressions of interest shall be advertised on the *[Lesedi Local Municipality's]* website and on the National Treasury eTender Publication Portal.<sup>18</sup> Advertisements shall be placed by *[Sibulelo Nxathi Senior Demand Management Officer]*

**6.2.4.2** Advertisements relating to construction works which are subject to the Construction Industry Development Regulations issued in terms of the Construction Industry Development Act of 2000 shall in addition to the requirements of 6.2.4.1 be advertised on the CIDB website. Advertisements shall be placed by *[Sibulelo Nxathi Senior Demand Management Officer]*.

**6.2.4.3** Where deemed appropriate by *[Sibulelo Nxathi Senior Demand Management Officer]* an invitation to tender and a call for an expression of interest shall be advertised in suitable local and national newspapers and the Government Tender Bulletin as directed by such person. Advertisements shall be placed by *[Sibulelo Nxathi]*.

**6.2.4.4** Such advertisements shall be advertised for a period of at least 30 days before closure, except in urgent cases when the advertisement period may be shortened as determined by the *[Accounting Officer]*.

**6.2.4.5** Invitations to submit expressions of interest or tender offers shall be issued not less than 10 working days before the closing date for tenders and at least 5 working days before any compulsory clarification meeting. Procurement documents shall be made available not less than 7 days before the closing time for submissions.

### 6.2.5 Publication of submissions received and the award of contracts

**6.2.5.1** The *[designated person]* shall publish within 10 working days of the closure of any advertised call for an expression of interest or an invitation to tender where the estimated value of the contract exceeds R200 000 including VAT on the municipality's or municipal entity's website, the names of all tenderers that made submissions to that advertisement, and if practical or applicable, the total of the prices and the preferences claimed. Such information shall remain on the website for at least 30 days.

**6.2.5.2** The *[Sibulelo Nxathi]* shall publish within 7 working days of the award of a contract the following on the *[Lesedi Local Municipality's]* website

- a) the contract number;
- b) contract title;
- c) brief description of the goods, services or works;
- d) the total of the prices, if practical;

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<sup>18</sup> This subclause aligns with National Treasury Instruction No 1 of 2015/2016 – Advertisement of bids and the publication of awards on the eTender Publication Portal.

- e) the names of successful tenderers and their B-BBEE status level of contribution;
- f) duration of the contract; and
- g) brand names, if applicable.

**6.2.5.3** The *[Senior Demand Management Officer]* shall submit within 7 working days of the award of a contract the information required by National Treasury on the National Treasury eTender Publication Portal regarding the successful and unsuccessful tenders. Submissions shall be made by *[The Senior Demand Management Officer]*.

**6.2.5.4** The award of contracts relating to construction works which are subject to the Construction Industry Development Regulations issued in terms of the Construction Industry Development Act of 2000 shall in addition to the requirements of 6.2.5.3 be notified on the CIDB website. The notification shall be made by placed by *[The Senior Demand Management Officer]*.

### **6.2.6 Disposal committee**

**6.2.6.1** The *[Accounting Officer]* shall appoint on a disposal by disposal basis in writing the members of the disposal committee to decide on how best to undertake disposals in accordance with the provisions of clause 10 of the standard.

**6.2.6.2** The disposal panel shall comprise not less than three people. The chairperson shall be an employee of *[The Lesedi Local Municipality]*.

**6.2.6.3** The disposal committee shall make recommendations to *[designed person]* who shall approve the recommendations, refer the disposal strategy back to the disposal committee for their reconsideration, decide not to proceed or to start afresh with the process.

### **6.3 Reporting of infrastructure delivery management information**

*[Peter Aumfalk]* shall submit any reports required in terms of the standard to the National Treasury or *[Gauteng Provincial Treasury]*

## **7 Infrastructure procurement**

### **7.1 Usage of procurement procedures<sup>19</sup>**

The *[Lesedi Local Municipality]* shall not apply the following procedures:

- a) *[Identify procedure]*
- b) *[Identify procedure];*

### **7.2 Procurement documents**

**7.2.1** The forms of contract that may be used are as follows:

<b>Form of contract<sup>20</sup></b>	<b>Code</b>	<b>Usage</b>

**7.2.2** The *[Lesedi Local Municipality's]* preapproved templates for Part C1 (Agreements and contract data) of procurement documents shall be utilised to obviate the need for legal review prior to the awarding

<sup>19</sup> Delete this clause if there are no restriction. Amend if there are specific circumstance under which a procurement procedure is to be used.

<sup>20</sup> Reproduce from Table 11 of the standard the forms of contract which the municipality or municipal entity wishes to make use of.

of a contract. All modifications to the standard templates shall be approved by *[designated person]* prior to being issued for tender purposes.

**7.2.3 Disputes** arising from the performance of a contract shall be finally settled in a South African court of law.

**7.2.4** *[state additional requirements, if any e.g. use of standard access specifications, health and safety specifications etc.]*<sup>21</sup>

**7.2.5** The Municipal Declaration and returnable documents contained in the standard shall be included in all tenders for:

- a) consultancy services; and
- b) goods and services or any combination thereof where the total of the prices is expected to exceed R10 m including VAT.

### **7.3 Developmental procurement policy?**

The following specific goals shall be proposed:

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### **7.4 Payment of contractor**

The *[Lesedi Local Municipality]* shall settle all accounts within 30 days of invoice or statement as provided for in the contract.

### **7.5 Approval to utilise specific procurement procedures**

**7.5.1** Prior approval shall be obtained for the following procurement procedures from the following persons, unless such a procedure is already provided for in the approved procurement strategy:

- a) *[Executive Manager Infrastructure Services]* shall authorise the use of the negotiated procedure above the thresholds provided in the standard.
- b) *[Executive Manager Infrastructure Services]* shall authorise the approaching of a confined market except where a rapid response is required in the presence of, or the imminent risk of, an extreme or emergency situation arising from the conditions set out in the standard and which can be dealt with or the risks relating thereto arrested within 48 hours; and
- c) the proposal procedure using the two-envelope system, the proposal procedure using the two-stage system or the competitive negotiations procedure.

**7.5.2** The person authorised to pursue a negotiated procedure in an emergency is *[Executive Manager Infrastructure Services]*.

### **7.6 Receipt and safeguarding of submissions**

**7.6.1** A dedicated and clearly marked tender box shall be made available to receive all submissions made.

**7.6.2** The tender box shall be fitted with two locks and the keys kept separately by two *[SCM Officials]*. Such personnel shall be present when the box is opened on the stipulated closing date for submissions.

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<sup>21</sup> Include if requirements are not included in the templates.

## **7.7 Opening of submissions**

**7.7.1** Submissions shall be opened by an opening panel comprising two people nominated by {The Executive Manager Infrastructure Services} who have declared their interest or confirmed that they have no interest in the submissions that are to be opened.

**7.7.2** The opening panel shall open the tender box at the stipulated closing time and:

- a) sort through the submissions and return those submissions to the box that are not yet due to be opened including those whose closing date has been extended;
- b) return submissions unopened and suitably annotated where:
  - 1) submissions are received late, unless otherwise permitted in terms of the submission data;
  - 2) submissions were submitted by a method other than the stated method,
  - 3) submissions were withdrawn in accordance with the procedures contained in SANS 10845-3; and.
  - 4) only one tender submission is received and it is decided not to open it and to call for fresh tender submissions;
- c) record in the register submissions that were returned unopened;
- d) open submissions if received in sealed envelopes and annotated with the required particulars and read out the name of and record in the register the name of the tenderer or respondent and, if relevant, the total of prices including VAT where this is possible;
- e) record in the register the name of any submissions that is returned with the reasons for doing so;
- f) record the names of the tenderer's representatives that attend the public opening;
- g) sign the entries into the register; and
- h) stamp each returnable document in each tender submission.

**7.7.3** Each member of the opening panel shall initial the front cover of the submission and all pages that are stamped in accordance with the requirements of 7.7.3h).

**7.7.4** Respondents and tenderers whose submissions are to be returned shall be afforded the opportunity to collect their submissions.

**7.7.5** Submissions shall be safeguarded from the time of receipt until the conclusion of the procurement process.

## **7.8 Use of another organ of state's framework agreement**

The [*Lesedi Local Municipality*] may make use of another organ of state's framework contract which has been put in place by means of a competitive tender process and there are demonstrable benefits for doing so. The [*Accounting Officer*] shall make the necessary application to that organ of state to do so.

## **7.9 Insurances**

**7.9.1** Contractors shall be required to take out all insurances required in terms of the contract.

**7.9.2** The insurance cover in engineering and construction contracts for loss of or damage to property (except the works, Plant and Materials and Equipment) and liability for bodily injury to or death of a person (not an employee of the Contractor) caused by activity in connection with a contract shall in general not

be less than the value stated in Table 4, unless otherwise directed by [The Executive Manager Infrastructure Services].

**7.9.3** Lateral earth support insurance in addition to such insurance shall be take out on a case by case basis.

**Table 4: Minimum insurance cover**

Type of insurance	Value
Engineering and construction contracts - loss of or damage to property (except the works, Plant and Materials and Equipment) and liability for bodily injury to or death of a person (not an employee of the Contractor) caused by activity in connection with a contract	Not less than R20 million
Professional services and service contracts - death of or bodily injury to employees of the Contractor arising out of and in the course of their employment in connection with a contract or damage to property	Not less than R10 million
Professional indemnity insurance	geotechnical, civil and structural engineering: R5,0 million electrical, mechanical and engineering: R3,0 million architectural: R5,0 million other R3,0 million

**7.9.4** The insurance cover in professional services and service contracts for damage to property or death of or bodily injury to employees of the Contractor arising out of and in the course of their employment in connection with a contract shall not be less than the value stated in Table 4 for any one event unless otherwise directed by Executive Manager Infrastructure Services].

**7.9.5 SASRIA** Special Risk Insurance in respect of riot and associated risk of damage to the works, Plant and Materials shall be taken out on all engineering and construction works.

**7.9.5** Professional service appointments shall as a general rule be subject to proof of current professional indemnity insurance being submitted by the contractor in an amount not less than the value stated in Table 4 in respect of each claim, without limit to the number of claims, unless otherwise directed by the [Executive Manager Infrastructure Services] in relation to the nature of the service that they provide.

**7.9.6** Lesedi Local Municipality] shall take out professional indemnity insurance cover where it is deemed necessary to have such insurance at a level higher than the levels of insurance commonly carried by contractors.

**7.9.7** Where payment is to be made in multiple currencies, either the contractor or [Lesedi Local Municipality] should be required to take out forward cover. Alternatively, the prices for the imported content should be fixed as soon as possible after the starting date for the contract.

**7.10 Written reasons for actions taken**

**7.10.1** Written reasons for actions taken shall be provided by the Accounting Officer.

**7.10.2** The written reasons for actions taken shall be as brief as possible and shall as far as is possible, and where relevant, be framed around the clauses in the:

- a) SANS 10845-3, *Construction procurement - Part 3: Standard conditions of tender*, and, giving rise to the reason why a respondent was not short listed, prequalified or admitted to a data base; or
- b) SANS 10845-4, *Construction procurement - Part 4: Standard conditions for the calling for expressions of interest*;

as to why a tenderer was not considered for the award of a contract or not awarded a contract.

**7.10.3** Requests for written reasons for actions taken need to be brief and to the point and may not divulge information which is not in the public interest or any information which is considered to prejudice the legitimate commercial interests of others or might prejudice fair competition between tenderers.

**7.11 Request for access to information<sup>22</sup>**

**7.11.1** Should an application be received in terms of Promotion of Access to Information Act of 2000 (Act 2 of 2000), the “requestor” should be referred to the *[name of municipality or municipal entity]*’s Information Manual which establishes the procedures to be followed and the criteria that have to be met for the “requester” to request access to records in the possession or under the control of *[name of municipality or municipal entity]*’s.

**7.11.2** Access to technical and commercial information such as a comprehensive programme which links resources and prices to such programme should be refused as such information provides the order and timing of operations, provisions for time risk allowances and statements as to how the contractor plans to do the work which identifies principal equipment and other resources which he plans to use. Access to a bill of quantities and rates should be provided in terms of the Act.

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<sup>22</sup> Amend as necessary